

E. Tracing Wire All water mains, including out-of-service stubs intended for future extension, shall be installed with copper tracing wire (P.V.C. coated) taped to the top of the pipe every 5'. Maximum tracing wire length shall be 500' without terminating in a curb stop box. Curb stop boxes shall not be located in the pavement areas. Splices in the tracing wire shall be kept to a minimum and approved by the District. If splices are required they shall be made with copper split bolt (lisco #ik-8 or approved equal) and taped with electrical tape. Jumper wires must be run from the main tracing wire and secured to all water meter service lines.

F. Fittings - All fittings and accessories shall be Ductile Iron, rated for a minimum of 200 psi working pressure or as specified herein. The fittings and accessories shall be new and unused. (NOTE: Certain areas of the Northern Kentucky Water District require materials used, to be of a higher working pressure than 200 psi.) All pipe fittings shall be mechanical joint fittings. Mechanical joints shall conform to AWWA C111. Bolts and nuts shall be high strength, corrosion resistant alloy, such as "Cor-Ten" or approved equal. Ductile Iron Compact Fittings shall conform to AWWA C153 and Full Body Fittings to AWWA C110. A bituminous seal coat shall be applied to the outside of the fitting. All ductile iron fittings shall be cement lined and seal coated in accordance to AWWA C104.

2.02 POLYETHYLENE WRAP All ductile iron pipe, fittings, valves, and fire hydrant leads shall be polyethylene wrapped, installed according to the current edition of AWWA C105. Polyethylene wrap shall be blue in color. Ductile iron fittings, valves, and fire hydrant leads used in the installation of P.V.C. pipe shall be included. Polyethylene wrap shall be 8-mil thickness low-density film or 4-mil thickness high-density cross-laminated polyethylene tube per AWWA C105. The contractors shall cut the roll in tubes 2 feet longer than a standard length of pipe.

Each tube shall be slipped over the length of pipe, centering to allow a one foot overlap on each adjacent pipe section. After the lap is made, slack in the tubing shall be taken up for a snug fit, and the overlay shall be secured with polyethylene tape. Pipe shall not be wrapped and stored on site for any period of time, but wrapped and immediately placed in the trench, fittings shall be wrapped prior to installing blocking or pads. (see Standard Drawing #104) Polyvinyl chloride pipe requires no wrap. Odd shaped appurtenances such as valves, tees, fittings, and other ferrous metal pipeline appurtenances shall be wrapped by using a flat sheet of polyethylene. Wrapping shall be done by placing the sheet under the appliances and bringing the edges together, folding twice, and taping down.

B. Water mains greater than or equal to (≥) 16 inches in diameter which contain metallic piping and/or fittings shall be installed with cathodic protection designed by a NACE certified corrosion specialist. This specialist shall be responsible for:

- Performing field soil analysis/survey along a proposed water main project alignment.
- Review design drawings and material specifications prepared by others and provide recommendations for consideration.
- Providing all necessary and appropriate services in connection with conducting corrosion evaluation of the proposed project, corrosion protection analysis, design installation details/schedule/specifications.
- Preparation of standard corrosion protection specification for inclusion with the District's specifications.
- Review the proposed pipe material and provide recommendations on cathodic protection/control and/or protective coatings.
- Providing a report/recommendations for the long-term cathodic protection of the proposed project which could include the following: the size, type, configuration, quantity, and spacing of recommended galvanic anodes, joint bonding, isolation couplings, wiring, etc.; all soil analysis/measurements, calculations, locations, corrosion monitoring & test stations; and provisions to mitigate DC interference to nearby metallic structures.

2.03 VALVES All valves shall open by turning counter-clockwise with the operation of a 2 inch square operating nut. All valves shall have openings through the body of the same circular area as that of the pipe to which they are attached. Valves shall have mechanical joint ends except Tapping Valves.

A. GATE VALVES Valves 12 inches and smaller shall be resilient seated gate valves, non-rising stem with rubber "O" ring packing seals, rated at 250 psi working pressure and conform to the applicable portions of AWWA Standard C509, Latest Edition. High pressure gate valves shall be required when the pressure exceeds 200 psi. Valve bodies shall be ductile iron, glands shall be the same material as the valve. All external dome and packing bolts shall be stainless steel. The valves shall open by turning counter-clockwise. All valves shall have openings through the body of the same circular area as that of the pipe to which they are attached. Valves shall have mechanical joint ends unless otherwise shown on the plans or directed by the District. An extension stem shall be furnished if required, to bring the operating nut within 3-1/2 feet of finished grade. Extension stems shall be securely fastened to the valve stem. The Contractor shall make all valves tight under their working pressures after they have been placed and before the main is placed in operation. Unless otherwise approved by the District, all valves 16" and larger shall be ductile iron resilient wedge gate valves with beveled gearing (lay down gate valves). Valve shall be ductile iron body, non-rising stem, open left, 2" square operating nut, epoxy coated, mechanical joint (inlet & outlet connections), O-ring type packing, resilient wedge, 250 psi working pressure, and conforming in all other ways to AWWA Standard C515 American Flow Control 2500 Resilient Wedge Gate Valve or approved equal. Valve body, external dome, and packing bolts to be assembled with stainless steel bolts grade 304 or better.

B. TAPPING SLEEVE AND VALVES - No tapping sleeves and valves unless approved by Northern Kentucky Water District. Tapping sleeves and valves shall be designed for a working pressure of 200 psi. The tapping sleeve together with the tapping valve shall be tested at 250 psi for visible leakage before the main is tapped. Tapping sleeve and valve used in high pressure areas shall be tested at 350 psi.

1. Tapping Sleeves - Tapping sleeves shall be a two piece body with mechanical joint type ends, and be so designed as to assure uniform gasket pressure and permit centering of the sleeve on the pipe. Stainless steel type tapping sleeves with full gasket maybe considered, but will need to be approved by the District prior to installation.

2. Tapping Valves - Tapping valves shall be resilient seated gate valves, rated at 200 psi (unless installed in high pressure service area) and conform to the applicable portions of AWWA Standard 509, latest edition except that the seat rings shall be oversized to permit entry of the tapping machine cutter. All external dome and packing bolts shall be stainless steel. Tapping valves shall be ductile iron body, non-rising stem with rubber "O" ring packing seals. Tapping valves shall have a flange on one end for bolting to the tapping sleeve and a mechanical joint type end connection on the slotted standard flange or other adapters for connection to the tapping machine.

C. VALVE STEM EXTENSIONS A valve stem extension shall be installed by the contractor to bring the operating nut within 2 1/2 to 3 1/2 ft. of final grade. Extension stems will be supplied by the Water District if the extension is justified. The contractor shall measure the needed length and provide a minimum of 48 hours notice for receipt of stem extension.

REVISION	BY	DATE			
N. KY. WATER DISTRICT		SPECIFICATIONS			
		APPROVED: 			
		DATE: 2/1/2021			
		STANDARD DRAWING NO: 100-D			